



AI Tools Based on Pre-Trained Language Models

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Tools and Applications of Artificial Intelligence

MIARFID, April 25, 2023





Outline

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Applications





Outline

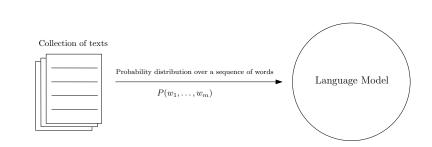
1. Introduction

2. Applications





What is a Language Model?







What is a Language Model?

A language model that models sequences of words as a Markov process.

$$P(w_1,...,w_m) \approx \prod_{i=2}^m P(w_i|w_{i-(n-1)},...,w_{i-1})$$

$$P(w_i|w_{i-(n-1)},...,w_{i-1}) = \frac{\operatorname{count}(w_{i-(n-1)},...,w_{i-1},w_i)}{\operatorname{count}(w_{i-(n-1)},...,w_{i-1})} + \operatorname{smoothing}$$





What is a Language Model?

A language model that makes predictions using a continuous representation or embeddings of words.

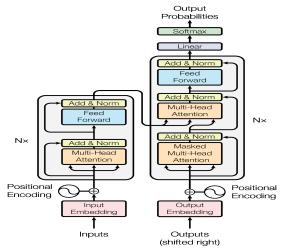
 $P(w_t | \text{context}) \forall t \in V$





Architecture

Transformer (Vaswani 2017)

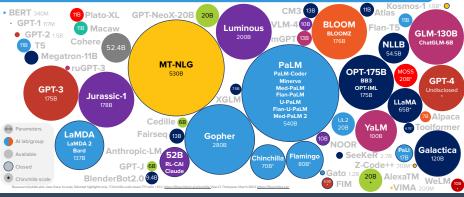






Models

LANGUAGE MODEL SIZES TO MAR/2023



Scherchitect.ai/models





Outline

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Applications
 - Programming
 - Image Generation
 - Text Generation
 - Image Segmentation
 - Mathematical Expressions
 - Speech Recognition





Programming _{Goal}

Assist in the generation of source code while programming.

Input: Write a function that receives a person's name and says hi to them. Output:

```
def hi(person):
print(f'Hi, {person}!')
```





Programming Applications

- GitHub Copilot.
- Chatbots.

We will see more about them at the next units.





Image Generation

React to a text input (known as prompt) by generating new related images.





Image Generation Applications

- Stable Diffusion.
- Dall-e.
- Midjourney.
- Adobe Firefly.
- DreamFusion.
- Leonardo AI.

We will see more about them at the next units.





Text Generation

React to a text input (known as *prompt*) by generating new related text. The most trendy applications are *chat bots*.





Text Generation

Applications

- ChatGPT.
- BingChat.
- ERNIE Bot.
- StableLM.
- AutoGPT.
- Bard.

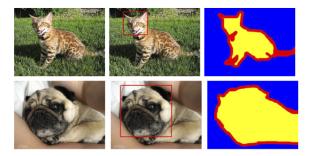
We will see more about them at the next units.





Image Segmentation Goal

Detect objects on an image.



Example from Cats and Dogs (Parkhi et al., 2012).





Image Segmentation

• Segment Anything Model.

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Segment Anything Model (SAM)

Goal

SAM (Krillov, 2023) is a promptable segmentation system with **zero-shot** generalization to unfamiliar objects and images, without the need for additional training.

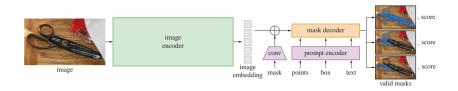






Segment Anything Model (SAM)

- Image encoder: Vision Transformer (ViT) model (Dosovitskiy et al., 2020).
- Prompt encoder.
- Mask decoder.
- Resolving ambiguity: average of multiple valid masks.
- Efficiency: 50ms (CPU).







Segment Anything Model (SAM)

https://segment-anything.com/demo

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Mathematical Expressions

Understand mathematical expressions, solve problems, prove theorems, etc.

$$4x + 26x + 12 = 0$$
 ____ $x = -6, x = -\frac{1}{2}$





Mathematical Expressions

Applications

• Minerva.





Minerva Goal

Solving quantitative reasoning problems (Kirillov et al., 2022).

Question: A line parallel to y = 4x + 6 passes through (5, 10). What is the *y*-coordinate of the point where this line crosses the *y*-axis?

Model output: The line is parallel to y = 4x + 6, which means that it has the same slope as y = 4x + 6. Since the line passes through (5, 10), we can use the point-slope form of a line to find the equation of the line:

> y - 10 = 4(x - 5)y - 10 = 4x - 20y = 4x - 10

Now that we have the equation of the line, we can find the y-coordinate of the point where the line crosses the y-axis by substituting x = 0 into the equation:

$$y = 4 \cdot 0 - 10 = -10$$
.





Minerva Features

- Based on PaLM (Chowdhery et al., 2022).
- Focused on collecting relevant training data.
- Use of *best-in-class* inference techniques.
- Mixture of natural language and mathematical notation.
- Combines:
 - Few-shot prompting.
 - Scratchpad prompting.
 - Majority voting.





Minerva

Weaknesses and limitations

Question: If $\sqrt{400} = \sqrt{81} + \sqrt{n}$, then what is the value of *n*?

Model output: We have that $\sqrt{400} = \sqrt{81} + \sqrt{n}$. Therefore, 400 = 81 + n, which gives 319 = n. Final Answer: The final answer is 319.

Calculation mistake: The model incorrectly cancels the square root on both sides of the equation.





Minerva

Weaknesses and limitations

Question: At each basketball practice last week, Jenny made twice as many free throws as she made at the previous practice. At her fifth practice she made 48 free throws. How many free throws did she make at the first practice?

Model output: At the first practice, Jenny made $\frac{48}{2} = 24$ free throws. Final Answer: The final answer is 24.

Reasoning mistake: The model computes the number of free throws at the fourth practice, but then uses this number as the final answer for the first practice.





Minerva

Weaknesses and limitations

Main limitation: automatic verification of the answer and the intermediate steps.





Minerva Demo

https://minerva-demo.github.io/#category=Algebra&index=1





Speech Recognition

Transcription of fragments of speech.





Speech Recognition

• Whisper.

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Whisper _{Goal}

Speech processing system (Radford et al., 2022) trained for:

- English transcription.
- Any-to-English speech translation.
- Non-English transcription.
- No speech detection.
- Language detection.





Whisper Features

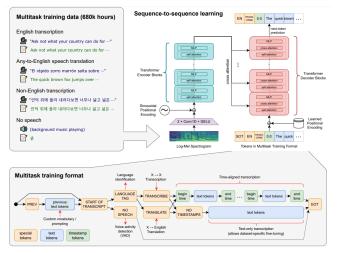
- Automatic speech recognition (ASR) system.
- Trained on 680,000 hours of multilingual and multitask supervised data.
- Data quality.
- Basic Transformer architecture.





Whisper

Architecture







Whisper

Evaluation

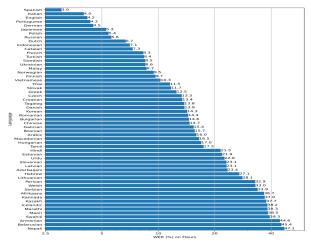


Figure from Whisper's GitHub.





Whisper Demo

- Original demo: https://openai.com/research/whisper.
- Google Colab: https://colab.research.google.com/drive/ 1CvvYPAFemIZdSOt9fhN541esS1ZR7Ic6.





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